

App. No.: 09/470,890
Doc. No.: BCS03393 (PD05924AM)

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows.

1. (Previously presented) A method for identifying impairments in a digitally modulated signal comprising:
 - obtaining soft decision data derived from the digitally modulated signal;
 - applying a plurality of predefined impairment masks to the soft decision data, each impairment mask is a set of undesired values associated with the digitally modulated signal and is associated with a different impairment type;
 - determining a subset of the soft decision data that occur within each predefined impairment mask;
 - calculating a correlation weight based on each subset; and
 - based on the correlation weights, determining a likelihood that a particular impairment type is affecting the digitally modulated signal.
2. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1 further comprising:
 - normalizing the soft decision data.
3. (Previously presented) The method of claim 2 wherein the impairment masks are selected from a group consisting of:
 - a phase noise impairment mask;
 - a continuous wave noise impairment mask;
 - a signal reflection impairment mask;

App. No.: 09/470,890
Doc. No.: BCS03393 (PD05924AM)

an I/Q imbalance impairment mask;
a compression impairment mask;
an amplitude-modulation-to-phase-modulation impairment mask; and
a composite phase noise and continuous wave noise impairment mask.

4. (Previously presented) The method of claim 2 further comprising:
providing a three-dimensional presentation of a distribution of the soft decision data over time.
5. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1 further comprising:
providing information descriptive of a distribution of occurrences of soft decision data within specific regions of the impairment masks.
6. (Canceled)
7. (Previously presented) A method for detecting impairment of a digital signal comprising:
calculating a first correlation weight for a first predefined symbol-level impairment mask wherein the first predefined symbol-level impairment mask is a first set of undesired values associated with the digital signal;
storing the first correlation weight;
calculating a second correlation weight for a first predefined constellation-level impairment mask, the first predefined constellation-level impairment mask

App. No.: 09/470,890
Doc. No.: BCS03393 (PD05924AM)

operative to detect a different impairment type than the first predefined symbol-level impairment mask and wherein the first predefined constellation-level impairment mask is a second set of undesired values associated with the digital signal;

storing the second correlation weight; and

calculating an overall correlation weight based on the first correlation weight and the second correlation weight.

8. (Previously presented) The method of claim 7 further comprising:

calculating a third correlation weight for a second predefined symbol-level impairment mask wherein the second predefined symbol-level impairment mask is a third set of undesired values associated with the digital signal;

storing the third correlation weight;

calculating a fourth correlation weight for a second predefined constellation-level impairment mask wherein the second predefined constellation-level impairment mask is a fourth set of undesired values associated with the digital signal; and

storing the fourth correlation weight; wherein the calculating the overall correlation weight based on the first correlation weight and the second correlation weight further includes calculating the overall correlation weight based on the first correlation weight, the second correlation weight, the third correlation weight, and the fourth correlation weight.

9. (Previously presented) The method of claim 8 further comprising:

measuring a quality of the digital signal.

App. No.: 09/470,890
Doc. No.: BCS03393 (PD05924AM)

10. (Previously presented) The method of claim 9 wherein the measuring the quality of the digital signal further comprises:
 checking a signal-to-noise ratio.

11. (Previously presented) The method of claim 7 wherein the first predefined symbol-level impairment mask is selected from a symbol-level impairment mask group consisting of:
 a phase noise impairment mask;
 a continuous wave noise impairment mask;
 a composite phase noise and continuous wave noise impairment mask; and
 a signal reflection impairment mask;
and wherein the first predefined constellation-level impairment mask is selected from a constellation-level impairment mask group consisting of:
 an I/Q imbalance impairment mask;
 a compression impairment mask; and
 an amplitude-modulation-to-phase-modulation impairment mask.

12. (Previously presented) A digital receiving apparatus comprising:
 a receiver responsive to a digitally modulated signal to perform conversion of the digitally modulated signal to soft decision data;
 an impairment correlator operatively coupled to the receiver and responsive to the soft decision data to correlate a plurality of different types of

App. No.: 09/470,890
Doc. No.: BCS03393 (PD05924AM)

impairments of the digitally modulated signal by using a plurality of predefined impairment masks wherein each impairment mask is a set of undesired values associated with the digitally modulated signal; and

a system controller operatively coupled to the impairment correlator to receive a correlation weight from the impairment correlator to determine a likelihood that a particular impairment type is affecting the digitally modulated signal.

13. (Previously presented) The digital receiving apparatus of claim 12 further comprising:

a memory device operatively coupled to the impairment correlator to store the plurality of impairment.

14. (Original) The digital receiving apparatus of claim 13 further comprising:
an error vector magnitude mask subsystem operatively coupled to the receiver and responsive to the soft decision data to assess a quality of the soft decision data.

15. (Original) The digital receiving apparatus of claim 14 wherein the error vector magnitude mask subsystem further comprises:

a SNR analyzer operatively coupled to the receiver and responsive to the soft decision data; and

an error vector magnitude mask memory device operatively coupled to the SNR analyzer to provide an error vector magnitude mask to the SNR analyzer.

App. No.: 09/470,890
Doc. No.: BCS03393 (PD05924AM)

16. (Previously presented) The digital receiving apparatus of claim 13 wherein the system controller controls the digital receiving apparatus in response to the correlation weight.

17. (Previously presented) The digital receiving apparatus of claim 13 wherein the system controller controls a transmitter in response to the correlation weight, the transmitter operatively coupled to the receiver to provide the digitally modulated signal to the receiver.

18. (Previously presented) The digital receiving apparatus of claim 13 wherein the system controller controls a medium in response to the correlation weight, the medium operatively coupled to the receiver to convey the digitally modulated signal to the receiver.

19. (Previously presented) A cable modem comprising:
a cable modem receiver responsive to a downstream signal to perform conversion of the downstream signal to soft decision data;
an impairment correlator operatively coupled to the cable modem receiver and responsive to the soft decision data to correlate a plurality of different types of impairments of the downstream signal by using a plurality of predefined impairment masks wherein each impairment mask is a set of undesired values associated with the downstream signal; and

App. No.: 09/470,890
Doc. No.: BCS03393 (PD05924AM)

a system controller operatively coupled to the impairment correlator to receive a correlation weight from the impairment correlator to determine a likelihood that a particular impairment type is affecting the downstream signal.

20. (Previously presented) The cable modem of claim 19 further comprising:
a memory device operatively coupled to the impairment correlator to store the plurality of impairment.

21. (Original) The cable modem of claim 20 further comprising:
a cable modem transmitter operatively coupled to the impairment correlator to transmit a correlation weight from the impairment correlator to a cable modem termination system.

22. (Original) The cable modem of claim 20 further comprising:
an error vector magnitude mask subsystem operatively coupled to the cable modem receiver and responsive to the soft decision data to assess a quality of the soft decision data.

23. (Original) The cable modem of claim 22 wherein the error vector magnitude mask subsystem further comprises:

a SNR analyzer operatively coupled to the cable modem receiver and responsive to the soft decision data; and

App. No.: 09/470,890
Doc. No.: BCS03393 (PD05924AM)

an error vector magnitude mask memory device operatively coupled to the SNR analyzer to provide an error vector magnitude mask to the SNR analyzer.

24. (Previously presented) A cable modem termination system comprising:
- a cable modem termination system receiver responsive to an upstream signal to perform conversion of the upstream signal to soft decision data;
- an impairment correlator operatively coupled to the cable modem termination system receiver and responsive to correlate a plurality of different types of impairments of the upstream signal by using a plurality of predefined impairment masks wherein each impairment mask is a set of undesired values associated with the upstream signal; and
- a system controller operatively coupled to the impairment correlator to receive a correlation weight from the impairment correlator to determine a likelihood that a particular impairment type is affecting the upstream signal.

25. (Previously presented) The cable modem termination system of claim 24 further comprising:

a memory device operatively coupled to the impairment correlator to store the plurality of impairment.

26. (Original) The cable modem of claim 25 further comprising:

App. No.: 09/470,890
Doc. No.: BCS03393 (PD05924AM)

a network management system operatively coupled to the impairment correlator to provide a corrective control signal to a cable modem transmitting the upstream signal.

27. (Original) The cable modem termination system of claim 25 further comprising:

an error vector magnitude mask subsystem operatively coupled to the cable modem termination system receiver and responsive to the soft decision data to assess a quality of the soft decision data.

28. (Original) The cable modem of claim 27 wherein the error vector magnitude mask subsystem further comprises:

a SNR analyzer operatively coupled to the cable modem termination system receiver and responsive to the soft decision data; and

an error vector magnitude mask memory device operatively coupled to the SNR analyzer to provide an error vector magnitude mask to the SNR analyzer.

29. (Presently amended) A data structure computer program embodied on a computer readable storage medium, executing by a machine, embodying a program of instructions executable by the machine to perform a method for identifying impairment of a received digitally modulated signal received by the machine, the method comprising:

applying a plurality of predefined impairment masks to soft decision data received from the digitally modulated signal, each impairment mask is a set of undesired

App. No.: 09/470,890
Doc. No.: BCS03393 (PD05924AM)

values associated with the digitally modulated signal and is associated with a different impairment type;

determining a subset of the soft decision data that occur within each predefined impairment mask;

calculating a correlation weight based on each subset; and

based on the correlation weights, determining a likelihood that a particular impairment type is affecting the digitally modulated signal.

30. (Presently amended) The computer program embodied on a computer readable storage medium data-structure of claim 29 wherein the method further comprises:

normalizing the soft decision data.

31. (Previously presented) The computer program embodied on a computer readable storage medium data-structure of claim 30 wherein the impairment masks are selected from a group consisting of:

a phase noise impairment mask;

a continuous wave noise impairment mask;

a signal reflection impairment mask;

an I/Q imbalance impairment mask;

a compression impairment mask;

an amplitude-modulation-to-phase-modulation impairment mask; and

a composite phase noise and continuous wave noise impairment mask.

App. No.: 09/470,890
Doc. No.: BCS03393 (PD05924AM)

32. (Presently amended) The computer program embodied on a computer readable storage medium data structure of claim 29 wherein the method further comprises:

providing a three-dimensional presentation of a distribution of the soft decision data over time.

33. (Presently amended) The computer program embodied on a computer readable storage medium data structure of claim 29 wherein the method further comprises:

providing information descriptive of a distribution of occurrences of soft decision data within specific regions of the impairment masks.

34-46. (Canceled)